

Reprinted January 29, 2008

SENATE BILL No. 20

DIGEST OF SB 20 (Updated January 28, 2008 4:07 pm - DI 73)

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1; IC 6-3.5; IC 13-21; IC 20-26; IC 36-1; IC 36-8; IC 36-9; noncode.

Synopsis: Local government finance. Provides that if the local option income tax for property tax replacement is adopted in Lake County, the tax revenue may be distributed only by one of the three following distribution methods (as determined by the county council): (1) The tax revenue may be used to proportionately reduce all property tax levies imposed by the county. (2) The tax revenue collected from taxpayers within a particular municipality in Lake County may be used to provide a local property tax credit against property taxes imposed by that municipality, and the tax revenue collected from taxpayers within the unincorporated area may be used to provide a local property tax credit that is available only to those taxpayers within the unincorporated area. (3) 60% of the tax revenue shall be used to provide local property tax credit to taxpayers within municipalities and to taxpayers within the unincorporated areas, and 40% of the tax revenue shall be distributed to the county and to townships and municipalities on the basis of population and used to reduce property tax levies. Provides that the annual budget of a solid waste management district must be approved by the fiscal body of each county in which the district is located. (Continued next page)

Effective: January 1, 2003 (retroactive); upon passage; July 1, 2008.

Kenley, Hume, Landske, Meeks, Mrvan, Rogers, Broden

November 20, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy. January 24, 2008, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass. January 28, 2008, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



Digest Continued

Provides that certain maximum permissible property tax levies for firefighting are increased by the assessed value growth quotient used in the determination of civil units' levies (rather than being increased statutorily by 5% each year). Adjusts the maximum property tax rates for county cumulative capital development funds and for municipal cumulative capital development funds to reflect the change from 33.33% to 100% of true tax value. Allows a church or religious society that meets certain requirements and that failed to timely file an application for property tax exemption for the 2003, 2004, and 2005 assessment dates to retroactively file for and be granted the exemption.





Second Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2008)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2007 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 20

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- SECTION 1. IC 6-3.5-1.1-26, AS ADDED BY P.L.224-2007, SECTION 68, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26. (a) A county council may impose a tax rate under this section to provide property tax relief to political subdivisions in the county. A county council is not required to impose any other tax before imposing a tax rate under this section.
- (b) A tax rate under this section may be imposed in increments of five hundredths of one percent (0.05%) determined by the county council. A tax rate under this section may not exceed one percent (1%).
- (c) A tax rate under this section is in addition to any other tax rates imposed under this chapter and does not affect the purposes for which other tax revenue under this chapter may be used.
- (d) If a county council adopts an ordinance to impose or increase a tax rate under this section, the county auditor shall send a certified copy of the ordinance to the department and the department of local government finance by certified mail.



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- (e) A tax rate under this section may be imposed, increased, decreased, or rescinded by a county council at the same time and in the same manner that the county council may impose or increase a tax rate under section 24 of this chapter.
- (f) Tax revenue attributable to a tax rate under this section may be used for any combination of the following purposes, as specified by ordinance of the county council:
 - (1) The tax revenue may be used to provide local property tax replacement credits at a uniform rate to all taxpayers in the county. Any tax revenue that is attributable to the tax rate under this section and that is used to provide local property tax replacement credits under this subdivision shall be distributed to civil taxing units and school corporations in the county in the same manner that certified distributions are allocated as property tax replacement credits under section 12 of this chapter. The department of local government finance shall provide each county auditor with the amount of property tax replacement credits that each civil taxing unit and school corporation in the auditor's county is entitled to receive under this subdivision. The county auditor shall then certify to each civil taxing unit and school corporation the amount of property tax replacement credits the civil taxing unit or school corporation is entitled to receive under this subdivision during that calendar year.
 - (2) The tax revenue may be used to uniformly increase the homestead credit percentage in the county. The additional homestead credits shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies. The additional homestead credits do not reduce the basis for determining the state homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9. The additional homestead credits shall be applied to the net property taxes due on the homestead after the application of all other assessed value deductions or property tax deductions and credits that apply to the amount owed under IC 6-1.1. The department of local government finance shall determine the additional homestead credit percentage for a particular year based on the amount of tax revenue that will be used under this subdivision to provide additional homestead credits in that year. (3) The tax revenue may be used to provide local property tax replacement credits at a uniform rate for all qualified residential property (as defined in IC 6-1.1-20.6-4) in the county. Any tax revenue that is attributable to the tax rate under this section and

that is used to provide local property tax replacement credits

under this subdivision shall be distributed to civil taxing units and











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1	school corporations in the county in the same manner that
2	certified distributions are allocated as property tax replacement
3	credits under section 12 of this chapter. The department of local
4	government finance shall provide each county auditor with the
5	amount of property tax replacement credits that each civil taxing
6	unit and school corporation in the auditor's county is entitled to
7	receive under this subdivision. The county auditor shall then
8	certify to each civil taxing unit and school corporation the amount
9	of property tax replacement credits the civil taxing unit or school
10	corporation is entitled to receive under this subdivision during
11	that calendar year.
12	(4) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) through (3), any tax
13	revenue from a tax rate imposed under this section in Lake
14	County may be distributed only as provided in subdivision (5),
15	(6), or (7), as specified by ordinance of the Lake County
16	council.
17	(5) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake
18	County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax
19	revenue from the tax rate under this section is used to
20	proportionately reduce all property tax levies imposed by the
21	county. The department of local government finance, with the
22	assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county
23	auditor, the county treasurer, the county council, and the
24	county executive the amount of tax revenue under this section
25	that will be used to reduce each property tax levy imposed by
26	the county. Except as provided in subsection (g), the tax
27	revenue under this section that is used to reduce the property
28	tax levies imposed by the county shall be treated for all
29	purposes as property tax levies.
30	(6) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake
31	County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax
32	revenue from the tax rate under this section is used as follows
33	to provide local property tax replacement credits in Lake
34	County:
35	(A) The tax revenue under this section that is collected
36	from taxpayers within a particular municipality in Lake
37	County (as determined by the department based on the
38	department's best estimate) shall be used only to provide
39	a local property tax credit against property taxes imposed
40	by that municipality. The local property tax credit within

a particular municipality shall be applied at a uniform rate

for all taxpayers within that municipality.



1	(B) The tax revenue under this section that is collected
2	from taxpayers within the unincorporated area of Lake
3	County (as determined by the department) shall be used
4	only to provide a local property tax credit against property
5	taxes imposed by the county. The local property tax credit
6	for the unincorporated area of Lake County shall be
7	available only to those taxpayers within the
8	unincorporated area of the county and shall be applied at
9	a uniform rate for all taxpayers within the unincorporated
10	area of the county.
11	(C) The department of local government finance, with the
12	assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county
13	auditor the amount of property tax replacement credits
14	that the county and each municipality in the county are
15	entitled to receive under this subdivision during the
16	calendar year. The county auditor shall then certify these
17	credit amounts to the county and each municipality in the
18	county. The county auditor also shall certify these credit
19	amounts to the county treasurer.
20	(D) Except as provided in subsection (g), the local property
21	tax replacement credits shall be treated for all purposes as
22	property tax levies.
23	(7) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake
24	County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax
25	revenue from the tax rate under this section is used as follows
26	in Lake County:
27	(A) Sixty percent (60%) of the tax revenue under this
28	section shall be used as provided in subdivision (6).
29	(B) Forty percent (40%) of the tax revenue under this
30	section shall be used to provide property tax levy
31	reductions as follows:
32	(i) The tax revenue distributed under this clause shall be
33	used to reduce the property tax levies of the county and
34	each township and municipality in the county.
35	(ii) The percentage of the tax revenue distributed under
36	this clause that shall be distributed to the county or to a
37	particular township or municipality for property tax
38	levy reductions under this subdivision is equal to the
39	percentage determined by dividing the population of the
40	county, township, or municipality by the sum of the total
41	population of the county, each township in the county,

and each municipality in the county.



1	(iii) The tax revenue distributed to the county or a
2	township or municipality under this clause shall be used
3	to proportionately reduce all property tax levies of the
4	county, township, or municipality.
5	(iv) The department of local government finance, with
6	the assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the
7	county auditor and the fiscal body of the county and each
8	township and municipality in the county the amount of
9	tax revenue under this section that will be used under
10	this clause to reduce each property tax levy imposed by
11	the county, township, or municipality.
12	(v) Except as provided in subsection (g), the tax revenue
13	under this section that is used to reduce the property tax
14	levies imposed by the county, a township, or a
15	municipality shall be treated for all purposes as property
16	tax levies.
17	(g) The tax rate under this section and the tax revenue attributable
18	to the tax rate under this section shall not be considered for purposes
19	of computing:
20	(1) the maximum income tax rate that may be imposed in a county
21	under section 2 of this chapter or any other provision of this
22	chapter;
23	(2) the maximum permissible property tax levy under STEP
24	EIGHT of IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b); or
25	(3) the total county tax levy under IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(3),
26	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(4), or IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5).
27	(h) Tax revenue under this section shall be treated as a part of the
28	receiving civil taxing unit's or school corporation's property tax levy for
29	that year for purposes of fixing the budget of the civil taxing unit or
30	school corporation and for determining the distribution of taxes that are
31	distributed on the basis of property tax levies.
32	(i) The department of local government finance and the department
33	of state revenue may take any actions necessary to carry out the
34	purposes of this section.
35	SECTION 2. IC 6-3.5-6-32, AS ADDED BY P.L.224-2007,
36	SECTION 85, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 32. (a) A county income tax council may
38	impose a tax rate under this section to provide property tax relief to
39	political subdivisions in the county. A county income tax council is not
40	required to impose any other tax before imposing a tax rate under this
41	section.

(b) A tax rate under this section may be imposed in increments of



1	five hundredths of one percent (0.05%) determined by the county
2	income tax council. A tax rate under this section may not exceed one
3	percent (1%).
4	(c) A tax rate under this section is in addition to any other tax rates
5	imposed under this chapter and does not affect the purposes for which
6	other tax revenue under this chapter may be used.
7	(d) If a county income tax council adopts an ordinance to impose or
8	increase a tax rate under this section, the county auditor shall send a
9	certified copy of the ordinance to the department and the department
10	of local government finance by certified mail.
11	(e) A tax rate under this section may be imposed, increased,
12	decreased, or rescinded at the same time and in the same manner that
13	the county income tax council may impose or increase a tax rate under
14	section 30 of this chapter.
15	(f) Tax revenue attributable to a tax rate under this section may be
16	used for any combination of the following purposes, as specified by
17	ordinance of the county income tax council:
18	(1) The tax revenue may be used to provide local property tax
19	replacement credits at a uniform rate to civil taxing units and
20	school corporations in the county. The amount of property tax
21	replacement credits that each civil taxing unit and school
22	corporation in a county is entitled to receive under this
23	subdivision during a calendar year equals the product of:
24	(A) the tax revenue attributable to a tax rate under this section
25	that is dedicated to property tax replacement credits under this
26	subdivision; multiplied by
27	(B) the following fraction:
28	(i) The numerator of the fraction equals the total property
29	taxes being collected in the county by the civil taxing unit or
30	school corporation during the calendar year of the
31	distribution.
32	(ii) The denominator of the fraction equals the sum of the
33	total property taxes being collected in the county by all civil
34	taxing units and school corporations of the county during the
35	calendar year of the distribution.
36	The department of local government finance shall provide each
37	county auditor with the amount of property tax replacement
38	credits that each civil taxing unit and school corporation in the
39	auditor's county is entitled to receive under this subdivision. The

county auditor shall then certify to each civil taxing unit and

school corporation the amount of property tax replacement credits

the civil taxing unit or school corporation is entitled to receive



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1	under this subdivision during that calendar year. The county
2	auditor shall also certify these distributions to the county
3	treasurer. Except as provided in subsection (g), the local property
4	tax replacement credits shall be treated for all purposes as
5	property tax levies.
6	(2) The tax revenue may be used to uniformly increase the
7	homestead credit percentage in the county. The additional
8	homestead credits shall be treated for all purposes as property tax
9	levies. The additional homestead credits do not reduce the basis
10	for determining the state homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9.
11	The additional homestead credits shall be applied to the net
12	property taxes due on the homestead after the application of all
13	other assessed value deductions or property tax deductions and
14	credits that apply to the amount owed under IC 6-1.1. The
15	department of local government finance shall determine the
16	additional homestead credit percentage for a particular year based
17	on the amount of tax revenue that will be used under this
18	subdivision to provide additional homestead credits in that year.
19	(3) The tax revenue may be used to provide local property tax
20	replacement credits at a uniform rate for all qualified residential
21	property (as defined in IC 6-1.1-20.6-4) in the county. The
22	amount of property tax replacement credits that each civil taxing
23	unit and school corporation in a county is entitled to receive under
24	this subdivision during a calendar year equals the product of:
25	(A) the tax revenue attributable to a tax rate under this section
26	that is dedicated to property tax replacement credits under this
27	subdivision; multiplied by
28	(B) the following fraction:
29	(i) The numerator of the fraction equals the total property
30	taxes being collected in the county by the civil taxing unit or
31	school corporation during the calendar year of the
32	distribution.
33	(ii) The denominator of the fraction equals the sum of the
34	total property taxes being collected in the county by all civil
35	taxing units and school corporations of the county during the
36	calendar year of the distribution.
37	The department of local government finance shall provide each
38	county auditor with the amount of property tax replacement
39	credits that each civil taxing unit and school corporation in the
40	auditor's county is entitled to receive under this subdivision. The

county auditor shall then certify to each civil taxing unit and

school corporation the amount of property tax replacement credits



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1	the civil taxing unit or school corporation is entitled to receive
2	under this subdivision during that calendar year. The county
3	auditor shall also certify these distributions to the county
4	treasurer. Except as provided in subsection (g), the local property
5	tax replacement credits shall be treated for all purposes as
6	property tax levies.
7	(4) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) through (3), any tax
8	revenue from a tax rate imposed under this section in Lake
9	County may be distributed only as provided in subdivision (5),
10	(6), or (7), as specified by ordinance of the Lake County
11	council.
12	(5) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake
13	County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax
14	revenue from the tax rate under this section is used to
15	proportionately reduce all property tax levies imposed by the
16	county. The department of local government finance, with the
17	assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county
18	auditor, the county treasurer, the county council, and the
19	county executive the amount of tax revenue under this section
20	that will be used to reduce each property tax levy imposed by
21	the county. Except as provided in subsection (g), the tax
22	revenue under this section that is used to reduce the property
23	tax levies imposed by the county shall be treated for all
24	purposes as property tax levies.
25	(6) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake
26	County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax
27	revenue from the tax rate under this section is used as follows
28	to provide local property tax replacement credits in Lake
29	County:
30	(A) The tax revenue under this section that is collected
31	from taxpayers within a particular municipality in Lake
32	County (as determined by the department based on the
33	department's best estimate) shall be used only to provide
34	a local property tax credit against property taxes imposed
35	by that municipality. The local property tax credit within
36	a particular municipality shall be applied at a uniform rate
37	for all taxpayers within that municipality.
38	(B) The tax revenue under this section that is collected
39	from taxpayers within the unincorporated area of Lake
40	County (as determined by the department) shall be used
41	only to provide a local property tax credit against property

taxes imposed by the county. The local property tax credit



1	for the unincorporated area of Lake County shall be
2	available only to those taxpayers within the
3	unincorporated area of the county and shall be applied at
4	a uniform rate for all taxpayers within the unincorporated
5	area of the county.
6	(C) The department of local government finance, with the
7	assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county
8	auditor the amount of property tax replacement credits
9	that the county and each municipality in the county are
10	entitled to receive under this subdivision during the
11	calendar year. The county auditor shall then certify these
12	credit amounts to the county and each municipality in the
13	county. The county auditor shall also certify these credit
14	amounts to the county treasurer.
15	(D) Except as provided in subsection (g), the local property
16	tax replacement credits shall be treated for all purposes as
17	property tax levies.
18	(7) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake
19	County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax
20	revenue from the tax rate under this section is used as follows
21	in Lake County:
22	(A) Sixty percent (60%) of the tax revenue under this
23	section shall be used as provided in subdivision (6).
24	(B) Forty percent (40%) of the tax revenue under this
25	section shall be used to provide property tax levy
26	reductions as follows:
27	(i) The tax revenue distributed under this clause shall be
28	used to reduce the property tax levies of the county and
29	each township and municipality in the county.
30	(ii) The percentage of the tax revenue distributed under
31	this clause that shall be distributed to the county or to a
32	particular township or municipality for property tax
33	levy reductions under this subdivision is equal to the
34	percentage determined by dividing the population of the
35	county, township, or municipality by the sum of the total
36	population of the county, each township in the county,
37	and each municipality in the county.
38	(iii) The tax revenue distributed to the county or a
39	township or municipality under this clause shall be used
40	to proportionately reduce all property tax levies of the
41	county, township, or municipality.
12	(iv) The department of local government finance, with



1	the assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the
2	county auditor and the fiscal body of the county and each
3	township and municipality in the county the amount of
4	tax revenue under this section that will be used under
5	this clause to reduce each property tax levy imposed by
6	the county, township, or municipality.
7	(v) Except as provided in subsection (g), the tax revenue
8	under this section that is used to reduce the property tax
9	levies imposed by the county, a township, or a
10	municipality shall be treated for all purposes as property
11	tax levies.
12	(g) The tax rate under this section shall not be considered for
13	purposes of computing:
14	(1) the maximum income tax rate that may be imposed in a county
15	under section 8 or 9 of this chapter or any other provision of this
16	chapter; or
17	(2) the maximum permissible property tax levy under STEP
18	EIGHT of IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b).
19	(h) Tax revenue under this section shall be treated as a part of the
20	receiving civil taxing unit's or school corporation's property tax levy for
21	that year for purposes of fixing the budget of the civil taxing unit or
22	school corporation and for determining the distribution of taxes that are
23	distributed on the basis of property tax levies.
24	(i) The department of local government finance and the department
25	of state revenue may take any actions necessary to carry out the
26	purposes of this section.
27	(j) Notwithstanding any other provision, in Lake County the county
28	council (and not the county income tax council) is the entity authorized
29	to take actions concerning the tax rate under this section.
30	SECTION 3. IC 13-21-3-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 21. Before the board of
32	a district may adopt an annual budget, the budget must be:
33	(1) approved by the department of local government finance; and
34	(2) sent to:
35	(A) the executive; and
36	(B) the fiscal body;
37	of each county and municipality located within the district as a
38	matter of record; and
39	(3) approved by the fiscal body of each county in which the
40	district is located, in the case of annual budgets for 2009 and
41	thereafter.
42	SECTION 4. IC 36-8-13-4.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4.6. (a) For townships and municipalities that elect to have the township provide fire protection and emergency services under section 3(b) of this chapter, the department of local government finance shall adjust each township's and each municipality's maximum permissible levy in the year following the year in which the change is elected, as determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3, to reflect the change from providing fire protection under a contract between the municipality and the township to allowing the township to impose a property tax levy on the taxable property located within the corporate boundaries of each municipality. Each municipality's maximum permissible property tax levy shall be reduced by the amount of the municipality's property tax levy that was imposed by the municipality to meet the obligations to the township under the fire protection contract. The township's maximum permissible property tax levy shall be increased by the product of:

- (1) one and five-hundredths (1.05); the assessed value growth quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the ensuing calendar vear; multiplied by
- (2) the amount the township received:
 - (A) in the year in which the change is elected; and
 - (B) as fire protection contract payments from all municipalities whose levy is decreased under this section.
- (b) For purposes of determining a township's or municipality's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 for years following the first year after the year in which the change is elected, a township's or municipality's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy is the levy after the adjustment made under subsection (a).

SECTION 5. IC 36-8-13-4.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2007, SECTION 130, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4.7. (a) For a township that elects to have the township provide fire protection and emergency services under section 3(c) of this chapter, the department of local government finance shall adjust the township's maximum permissible levy in the year following the year in which the change is elected, as determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3, to reflect the change from providing fire protection or emergency services under a contract between the municipality and the township to allowing the township to impose a property tax levy on the taxable property located within the corporate boundaries of each municipality. For the ensuing calendar year, the township's maximum permissible property tax levy shall be increased by the product of:



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1	(1) one and five-hundredths (1.05); the assessed value growth
2	quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the ensuing
3	calendar year; multiplied by
4	(2) the amount the township contracted or billed to receive,
5	regardless of whether the amount was collected:
6	(A) in the year in which the change is elected; and
7	(B) as fire protection or emergency service payments from the
8	municipalities or residents of the municipalities covered by the
9	election under section 3(c) of this chapter.
10	The maximum permissible levy for a general fund or other fund of a
11	municipality covered by the election under section 3(c) of this chapter
12	shall be reduced for the ensuing calendar year to reflect the change to
13	allowing the township to impose a property tax levy on the taxable
14	property located within the corporate boundaries of the municipality.
15	The total reduction in the maximum permissible levies for all electing
16	municipalities must equal the amount that the maximum permissible
17	levy for the township is increased under this subsection for contracts
18	or billings, regardless of whether the amount was collected, less the
19	amount actually paid from sources other than property tax revenue.
20	(b) For purposes of determining a township's and each
21	municipality's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy
22	under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 for years following the first year after the year in
23	which the change is elected, a township's and each municipality's
24	maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy is the levy after the
25	adjustment made under subsection (a).
26	(c) The township may use the amount of a maximum permissible
27	property tax levy computed under this section in setting budgets and
28	property tax levies for any year in which the election in section 3(c) of
29	this chapter is in effect. A county board of tax adjustment (before
30	January 1, 2009) or the county board of tax and capital projects review
31	(after December 31, 2008) may not reduce a budget or tax levy solely
32	because the budget or levy is based on the maximum permissible
33	property tax levy computed under this section.
34	(d) Section 4.6 of this chapter does not apply to a property tax levy
35	or a maximum property tax levy subject to this section.
36	SECTION 6. IC 36-9-14.5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as
38	provided in subsection (c), the county fiscal body may provide money
39	for the cumulative capital development fund by levying a tax in
40	compliance with IC 6-1.1-41 on the taxable property in the county.

(b) The maximum property tax rate that may be imposed for property taxes first due and payable during a particular year in a county



41

1	in which the county ention in	ame tow on the country adjusted among		
1 2	in which the county option income tax or the county adjusted gross income tax is in effect on January 1 of that year, depends upon the			
3	number of years the county has previously imposed a tax under this			
4	chapter and is determined under the following table: NUMBER TAX RATE PER \$100			
5	NUMBER OF YEARS	OF ASSESSED		
6 7	OF TEARS			
	0	VALUATION		
8	0	\$0.05 \$0.0167		
9	1 or more	\$0.10 \$0.0333		
10		y tax rate that may be imposed for		
11		able during a particular year in a county		
12		on income tax nor the county adjusted		
13	_	January 1 of that year, depends upon		
14		has previously imposed a tax under this		
15	chapter and is determined unde			
16	NUMBER	TAX RATE PER \$100		
17	OF YEARS	OF ASSESSED		
18	0	VALUATION		
19	0	\$0.04 \$0.0133		
20	1 or more	\$0.07 \$0.0233		
21		5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS		
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as			
23	provided in subsection (c), the municipal fiscal body may provide			
24	money for the cumulative capital development fund by levying a tax in			
25	-	1 on the taxable property in the		
26	municipality.			
27		y tax rate that may be imposed for		
28		payable during a particular year in a		
29		olly or partially located in a county in		
30		me tax or the county adjusted gross		
31		uary 1 of that year depends upon the		
32		ty has previously imposed a tax under		
33	this chapter and is determined to	_		
34	NUMBER	TAX RATE PER \$100		
35	OF YEARS	OF ASSESSED		
36	0	VALUATION		
37	0	\$0.05 \$0.0167		
38	1	\$0.10 \$0.0333		
39	2 or more	\$0.15 \$0.05		
40		y tax rate that may be imposed for		
41	property taxes first due and p	payable during a particular year in a		

municipality that is wholly located in a county in which neither the



1	county option income tax nor the county adjusted gross income tax is			
2	in effect on January 1 of that year depends upon the number of years			
3	the municipality has previously imposed a tax under this chapter and			
4	is determined under the follow	ing table:		
5	NUMBER	TAX RATE PER \$100		
6	OF YEARS	OF ASSESSED		
7		VALUATION		
8	0	\$0.04 \$0.0133		
9	1	\$0.08 \$0.0267	_	
0	2 or more	\$0.12 \$0.04		
1	SECTION 8. [EFFECTIV	E JULY 1, 2008] IC 36-8-13-4.6 ,		
2	IC 36-8-13-4.7, IC 36-9-14.5-6, and IC 36-9-15.5-6, all as amended			
3	by this act, apply only to prop	by this act, apply only to property taxes first due and payable after		
4	December 31, 2008.			
5	SECTION 9. [EFFECTIVE J	ANUARY 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]		
6	(a) This SECTION applies or	nly to an entity that meets all of the		
7	following conditions:			
8	(1) The entity is a church or religious society.			
9	(2) For the assessment dates in 2003, 2004, and 2005:			
20	(A) property owned by the entity would have been eligible			
21	for exemption from property taxes if the entity had timely			
22	filed an application under IC 6-1.1-11 for property tax			
23	exemption for the property;			
24	(B) the entity failed to file a timely application under			
25	IC 6-1.1-11 for property tax exemption for the property;			
26	and			
27	(C) the entity's prope	rty was subject to taxation.		
28	(b) Notwithstanding IC 6-1	.1-11 or any other law specifying the	V	
29	* * *	for property tax exemption must be		
0	-	or a particular assessment date, an		
31	-	(a) may before July 1, 2008, file with		
32	•	ation for property tax exemption for		
3	the 2003, 2004, and 2005 asse			
4		.1-11 or any other law, an application		
55		ed under subsection (b) is considered		
66	•	county assessor shall forward the		
57		erty tax assessment board of appeals		
8	•	grant an exemption claimed for the		
19		2004, and 2005 for property tax		
10	exemption if the board deteri			
1		n for property tax exemption satisfies		
-2	the requirements of this	SECTION; and		



1	(2) the entity's property was, except for the failure to timely	
2	file an application for property tax exemption, otherwise	
3	eligible for the claimed exemption.	
4	(d) If an entity has previously paid the tax liability for property	
5	with respect to the 2003, 2004, or 2005 assessment date and the	
6	property is granted an exemption under this SECTION for one (1)	
7	or more of those assessment dates, the county auditor shall issue a	
8	refund of the property tax paid by the entity. An entity is not	
9	required to apply for any refund due under this SECTION. The	
10	county auditor shall, without an appropriation being required,	
11	issue a warrant to the entity payable from the county general fund	
12	for the amount of the refund, if any, due the entity. No interest is	
13	payable on the refund.	
14	(e) This SECTION expires January 1, 2010.	
15	SECTION 10. An emergency is declared for this act.	_
		_



SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Meeks be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 20.

KENLEY

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Mrvan be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 20.

KENLEY

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Landske be added as third author and Senator Rogers be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 20.

KENLEY

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Hume be added as second author of Senate Bill 20.

KENLEY

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Broden be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 20.

KENLEY











COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 20, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 17, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-18-23.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 23.5. A public utility company may file an amended personal property tax return for the public utility's personal property in the manner specified in IC 6-1.1-3-7.5.

SECTION 2. IC 6-3.5-1.1-26, AS ADDED BY P.L.224-2007, SECTION 68, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26. (a) A county council may impose a tax rate under this section to provide property tax relief to political subdivisions in the county. A county council is not required to impose any other tax before imposing a tax rate under this section.

- (b) A tax rate under this section may be imposed in increments of five hundredths of one percent (0.05%) determined by the county council. A tax rate under this section may not exceed one percent (1%).
- (c) A tax rate under this section is in addition to any other tax rates imposed under this chapter and does not affect the purposes for which other tax revenue under this chapter may be used.
- (d) If a county council adopts an ordinance to impose or increase a tax rate under this section, the county auditor shall send a certified copy of the ordinance to the department and the department of local government finance by certified mail.
- (e) A tax rate under this section may be imposed, increased, decreased, or rescinded by a county council at the same time and in the same manner that the county council may impose or increase a tax rate under section 24 of this chapter.
- (f) Tax revenue attributable to a tax rate under this section may be used for any combination of the following purposes, as specified by ordinance of the county council:
 - (1) The tax revenue may be used to provide local property tax replacement credits at a uniform rate to all taxpayers in the county. Any tax revenue that is attributable to the tax rate under this section and that is used to provide local property tax replacement credits under this subdivision shall be distributed to civil taxing units and school corporations in the county in the same manner that certified distributions are allocated as property

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tax replacement credits under section 12 of this chapter. The department of local government finance shall provide each county auditor with the amount of property tax replacement credits that each civil taxing unit and school corporation in the auditor's county is entitled to receive under this subdivision. The county auditor shall then certify to each civil taxing unit and school corporation the amount of property tax replacement credits the civil taxing unit or school corporation is entitled to receive under this subdivision during that calendar year.

(2) The tax revenue may be used to uniformly increase the homestead credit percentage in the county. The additional homestead credits shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies. The additional homestead credits do not reduce the basis for determining the state homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9. The additional homestead credits shall be applied to the net property taxes due on the homestead after the application of all other assessed value deductions or property tax deductions and credits that apply to the amount owed under IC 6-1.1. The department of local government finance shall determine the additional homestead credit percentage for a particular year based on the amount of tax revenue that will be used under this subdivision to provide additional homestead credits in that year. (3) The tax revenue may be used to provide local property tax replacement credits at a uniform rate for all qualified residential property (as defined in IC 6-1.1-20.6-4) in the county. Any tax revenue that is attributable to the tax rate under this section and that is used to provide local property tax replacement credits under this subdivision shall be distributed to civil taxing units and school corporations in the county in the same manner that certified distributions are allocated as property tax replacement credits under section 12 of this chapter. The department of local government finance shall provide each county auditor with the amount of property tax replacement credits that each civil taxing unit and school corporation in the auditor's county is entitled to receive under this subdivision. The county auditor shall then certify to each civil taxing unit and school corporation the amount of property tax replacement credits the civil taxing unit or school corporation is entitled to receive under this subdivision during that calendar year.

(4) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) through (3), any tax revenue from a tax rate imposed under this section in Lake County may be distributed only as provided in subdivision (5),









- (6), or (7), as specified by ordinance of the Lake County council.
- (5) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax revenue from the tax rate under this section is used to proportionately reduce all property tax levies imposed by the county. The department of local government finance, with the assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county auditor, the county treasurer, the county council, and the county executive the amount of tax revenue under this section that will be used to reduce each property tax levy imposed by the county. Except as provided in subsection (g), the tax revenue under this section that is used to reduce the property tax levies imposed by the county shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies.
- (6) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax revenue from the tax rate under this section is used as follows to provide local property tax replacement credits in Lake County:
 - (A) The tax revenue under this section that is collected from taxpayers within a particular municipality in Lake County (as determined by the department based on the department's best estimate) shall be used only to provide a local property tax credit against property taxes imposed by that municipality. The local property tax credit within a particular municipality shall be applied at a uniform rate for all taxpayers within that municipality.
 - (B) The tax revenue under this section that is collected from taxpayers within the unincorporated area of Lake County (as determined by the department) shall be used only to provide a local property tax credit against property taxes imposed by the county. The local property tax credit for the unincorporated area of Lake County shall be available only to those taxpayers within the unincorporated area of the county and shall be applied at a uniform rate for all taxpayers within the unincorporated area of the county.
 - (C) The department of local government finance, with the assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county auditor the amount of property tax replacement credits that the county and each municipality in the county are











entitled to receive under this subdivision during the calendar year. The county auditor shall then certify these credit amounts to the county and each municipality in the county. The county auditor also shall certify these credit amounts to the county treasurer.

- (D) Except as provided in subsection (g), the local property tax replacement credits shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies.
- (7) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax revenue from the tax rate under this section is used as follows in Lake County:
 - (A) Sixty percent (60%) of the tax revenue under this section shall be used as provided in subdivision (6).
 - (B) Forty percent (40%) of the tax revenue under this section shall be used to provide property tax levy reductions as follows:
 - (i) The tax revenue distributed under this clause shall be used to reduce the property tax levies of the county and each township and municipality in the county.
 - (ii) The percentage of the tax revenue distributed under this clause that shall be distributed to the county or to a particular township or municipality for property tax levy reductions under this subdivision is equal to the percentage determined by dividing the population of the county, township, or municipality by the sum of the total population of the county, each township in the county, and each municipality in the county.
 - (iii) The tax revenue distributed to the county or a township or municipality under this clause shall be used to proportionately reduce all property tax levies of the county, township, or municipality.
 - (iv) The department of local government finance, with the assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county auditor and the fiscal body of the county and each township and municipality in the county the amount of tax revenue under this section that will be used under this clause to reduce each property tax levy imposed by the county, township, or municipality.
 - (v) Except as provided in subsection (g), the tax revenue under this section that is used to reduce the property tax levies imposed by the county, a township, or a











municipality shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies.

- (g) The tax rate under this section and the tax revenue attributable to the tax rate under this section shall not be considered for purposes of computing:
 - (1) the maximum income tax rate that may be imposed in a county under section 2 of this chapter or any other provision of this chapter;
 - (2) the maximum permissible property tax levy under STEP EIGHT of IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b); or
 - (3) the total county tax levy under IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(3), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(4), or IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5).
- (h) Tax revenue under this section shall be treated as a part of the receiving civil taxing unit's or school corporation's property tax levy for that year for purposes of fixing the budget of the civil taxing unit or school corporation and for determining the distribution of taxes that are distributed on the basis of property tax levies.
- (i) The department of local government finance and the department of state revenue may take any actions necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

SECTION 3. IC 6-3.5-6-32, AS ADDED BY P.L.224-2007, SECTION 85, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 32. (a) A county income tax council may impose a tax rate under this section to provide property tax relief to political subdivisions in the county. A county income tax council is not required to impose any other tax before imposing a tax rate under this section.

- (b) A tax rate under this section may be imposed in increments of five hundredths of one percent (0.05%) determined by the county income tax council. A tax rate under this section may not exceed one percent (1%).
- (c) A tax rate under this section is in addition to any other tax rates imposed under this chapter and does not affect the purposes for which other tax revenue under this chapter may be used.
- (d) If a county income tax council adopts an ordinance to impose or increase a tax rate under this section, the county auditor shall send a certified copy of the ordinance to the department and the department of local government finance by certified mail.
- (e) A tax rate under this section may be imposed, increased, decreased, or rescinded at the same time and in the same manner that the county income tax council may impose or increase a tax rate under section 30 of this chapter.









- (f) Tax revenue attributable to a tax rate under this section may be used for any combination of the following purposes, as specified by ordinance of the county income tax council:
 - (1) The tax revenue may be used to provide local property tax replacement credits at a uniform rate to civil taxing units and school corporations in the county. The amount of property tax replacement credits that each civil taxing unit and school corporation in a county is entitled to receive under this subdivision during a calendar year equals the product of:
 - (A) the tax revenue attributable to a tax rate under this section that is dedicated to property tax replacement credits under this subdivision; multiplied by
 - (B) the following fraction:
 - (i) The numerator of the fraction equals the total property taxes being collected in the county by the civil taxing unit or school corporation during the calendar year of the distribution.
 - (ii) The denominator of the fraction equals the sum of the total property taxes being collected in the county by all civil taxing units and school corporations of the county during the calendar year of the distribution.

The department of local government finance shall provide each county auditor with the amount of property tax replacement credits that each civil taxing unit and school corporation in the auditor's county is entitled to receive under this subdivision. The county auditor shall then certify to each civil taxing unit and school corporation the amount of property tax replacement credits the civil taxing unit or school corporation is entitled to receive under this subdivision during that calendar year. The county auditor shall also certify these distributions to the county treasurer. Except as provided in subsection (g), the local property tax replacement credits shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies.

(2) The tax revenue may be used to uniformly increase the homestead credit percentage in the county. The additional homestead credits shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies. The additional homestead credits do not reduce the basis for determining the state homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9. The additional homestead credits shall be applied to the net property taxes due on the homestead after the application of all other assessed value deductions or property tax deductions and credits that apply to the amount owed under IC 6-1.1. The











department of local government finance shall determine the additional homestead credit percentage for a particular year based on the amount of tax revenue that will be used under this subdivision to provide additional homestead credits in that year. (3) The tax revenue may be used to provide local property tax replacement credits at a uniform rate for all qualified residential property (as defined in IC 6-1.1-20.6-4) in the county. The amount of property tax replacement credits that each civil taxing unit and school corporation in a county is entitled to receive under this subdivision during a calendar year equals the product of:

- (A) the tax revenue attributable to a tax rate under this section that is dedicated to property tax replacement credits under this subdivision; multiplied by
- (B) the following fraction:
 - (i) The numerator of the fraction equals the total property taxes being collected in the county by the civil taxing unit or school corporation during the calendar year of the distribution.
 - (ii) The denominator of the fraction equals the sum of the total property taxes being collected in the county by all civil taxing units and school corporations of the county during the calendar year of the distribution.

The department of local government finance shall provide each county auditor with the amount of property tax replacement credits that each civil taxing unit and school corporation in the auditor's county is entitled to receive under this subdivision. The county auditor shall then certify to each civil taxing unit and school corporation the amount of property tax replacement credits the civil taxing unit or school corporation is entitled to receive under this subdivision during that calendar year. The county auditor shall also certify these distributions to the county treasurer. Except as provided in subsection (g), the local property tax replacement credits shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies.

- (4) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) through (3), any tax revenue from a tax rate imposed under this section in Lake County may be distributed only as provided in subdivision (5), (6), or (7), as specified by ordinance of the Lake County council.
- (5) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax revenue from the tax rate under this section is used to











proportionately reduce all property tax levies imposed by the county. The department of local government finance, with the assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county auditor, the county treasurer, the county council, and the county executive the amount of tax revenue under this section that will be used to reduce each property tax levy imposed by the county. Except as provided in subsection (g), the tax revenue under this section that is used to reduce the property tax levies imposed by the county shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies.

- (6) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax revenue from the tax rate under this section is used as follows to provide local property tax replacement credits in Lake County:
 - (A) The tax revenue under this section that is collected from taxpayers within a particular municipality in Lake County (as determined by the department based on the department's best estimate) shall be used only to provide a local property tax credit against property taxes imposed by that municipality. The local property tax credit within a particular municipality shall be applied at a uniform rate for all taxpayers within that municipality.
 - (B) The tax revenue under this section that is collected from taxpayers within the unincorporated area of Lake County (as determined by the department) shall be used only to provide a local property tax credit against property taxes imposed by the county. The local property tax credit for the unincorporated area of Lake County shall be available only to those taxpayers within the unincorporated area of the county and shall be applied at a uniform rate for all taxpayers within the unincorporated area of the county.
 - (C) The department of local government finance, with the assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county auditor the amount of property tax replacement credits that the county and each municipality in the county are entitled to receive under this subdivision during the calendar year. The county auditor shall then certify these credit amounts to the county and each municipality in the county. The county auditor shall also certify these credit amounts to the county treasurer.

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- (D) Except as provided in subsection (g), the local property tax replacement credits shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies.
- (7) This subdivision applies only to Lake County. The Lake County council may adopt an ordinance providing that the tax revenue from the tax rate under this section is used as follows in Lake County:
 - (A) Sixty percent (60%) of the tax revenue under this section shall be used as provided in subdivision (6).
 - (B) Forty percent (40%) of the tax revenue under this section shall be used to provide property tax levy reductions as follows:
 - (i) The tax revenue distributed under this clause shall be used to reduce the property tax levies of the county and each township and municipality in the county.
 - (ii) The percentage of the tax revenue distributed under this clause that shall be distributed to the county or to a particular township or municipality for property tax levy reductions under this subdivision is equal to the percentage determined by dividing the population of the county, township, or municipality by the sum of the total population of the county, each township in the county, and each municipality in the county.
 - (iii) The tax revenue distributed to the county or a township or municipality under this clause shall be used to proportionately reduce all property tax levies of the county, township, or municipality.
 - (iv) The department of local government finance, with the assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county auditor and the fiscal body of the county and each township and municipality in the county the amount of tax revenue under this section that will be used under this clause to reduce each property tax levy imposed by the county, township, or municipality.
 - (v) Except as provided in subsection (g), the tax revenue under this section that is used to reduce the property tax levies imposed by the county, a township, or a municipality shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies.
- (g) The tax rate under this section shall not be considered for purposes of computing:
 - (1) the maximum income tax rate that may be imposed in a county











under section 8 or 9 of this chapter or any other provision of this chapter; or

- (2) the maximum permissible property tax levy under STEP EIGHT of IC 6-1.1-18.5-3(b).
- (h) Tax revenue under this section shall be treated as a part of the receiving civil taxing unit's or school corporation's property tax levy for that year for purposes of fixing the budget of the civil taxing unit or school corporation and for determining the distribution of taxes that are distributed on the basis of property tax levies.
- (i) The department of local government finance and the department of state revenue may take any actions necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.
- (j) Notwithstanding any other provision, in Lake County the county council (and not the county income tax council) is the entity authorized to take actions concerning the tax rate under this section.

SECTION 4. IC 13-21-3-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 21. Before the board of a district may adopt an annual budget, the budget must be:

- (1) approved by the department of local government finance; and
- (2) sent to:
 - (A) the executive; and
 - (B) the fiscal body;

of each county and municipality located within the district as a matter of record; and

(3) approved by the fiscal body of each county in which the district is located, in the case of annual budgets for 2009 and thereafter.

SECTION 5. IC 20-26-5-32 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 32.** (a) This section applies only to a school corporation that has a governing body consisting entirely of elected members.

- (b) If a statute authorizes a school corporation to borrow money by issuing bonds, notes, or warrants, the governing body of the school corporation may authorize the school corporation to borrow the money by obtaining a loan from a financial institution under that statute, instead of issuing the bonds, notes, or warrants.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (b), this section does not excuse a school corporation from complying with any laws concerning:
 - (1) the authority to borrow money;
 - (2) the maximum amount of money that may be borrowed for



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- a particular purpose;
- (3) approval of the borrowing; or
- (4) the right of taxpayers to object to the borrowing.
- (d) The maximum amount of loans from financial institutions to a particular school corporation under this section may not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

SECTION 6. IC 36-1-4-20 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 20. (a) This section applies only to a political subdivision that has a fiscal body consisting entirely of elected members.

- (b) If a statute authorizes a political subdivision to borrow money by issuing bonds, notes, or warrants, the fiscal body of the political subdivision may authorize the political subdivision to borrow the money by obtaining a loan from a financial institution under that statute, instead of issuing the bonds, notes, or warrants.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (b), this section does not excuse a political subdivision from complying with any laws concerning:
 - (1) the authority to borrow money;
 - (2) the maximum amount of money that may be borrowed for a particular purpose;
 - (3) approval of the borrowing; or
 - (4) the right of taxpayers to object to the borrowing.
- (d) The maximum amount of loans from financial institutions to a particular political subdivision under this section may not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

SECTION 7. IC 36-8-13-4.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4.6. (a) For townships and municipalities that elect to have the township provide fire protection and emergency services under section 3(b) of this chapter, the department of local government finance shall adjust each township's and each municipality's maximum permissible levy in the year following the year in which the change is elected, as determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3, to reflect the change from providing fire protection under a contract between the municipality and the township to allowing the township to impose a property tax levy on the taxable property located within the corporate boundaries of each municipality. Each municipality's maximum permissible property tax levy shall be reduced by the amount of the municipality's property tax levy that was imposed by the municipality to meet the obligations to the township under the fire protection contract. The township's maximum











permissible property tax levy shall be increased by the product of:

- (1) one and five-hundredths (1.05); the assessed value growth quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the ensuing calendar year; multiplied by
- (2) the amount the township received:
 - (A) in the year in which the change is elected; and
 - (B) as fire protection contract payments from all municipalities whose levy is decreased under this section.
- (b) For purposes of determining a township's or municipality's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 for years following the first year after the year in which the change is elected, a township's or municipality's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy is the levy after the adjustment made under subsection (a).

SECTION 8. IC 36-8-13-4.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2007, SECTION 130, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4.7. (a) For a township that elects to have the township provide fire protection and emergency services under section 3(c) of this chapter, the department of local government finance shall adjust the township's maximum permissible levy in the year following the year in which the change is elected, as determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3, to reflect the change from providing fire protection or emergency services under a contract between the municipality and the township to allowing the township to impose a property tax levy on the taxable property located within the corporate boundaries of each municipality. For the ensuing calendar year, the township's maximum permissible property tax levy shall be increased by the product of:

- (1) one and five-hundredths (1.05); the assessed value growth quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the ensuing calendar year; multiplied by
- (2) the amount the township contracted or billed to receive, regardless of whether the amount was collected:
 - (A) in the year in which the change is elected; and
 - (B) as fire protection or emergency service payments from the municipalities or residents of the municipalities covered by the election under section 3(c) of this chapter.

The maximum permissible levy for a general fund or other fund of a municipality covered by the election under section 3(c) of this chapter shall be reduced for the ensuing calendar year to reflect the change to allowing the township to impose a property tax levy on the taxable property located within the corporate boundaries of the municipality.











The total reduction in the maximum permissible levies for all electing municipalities must equal the amount that the maximum permissible levy for the township is increased under this subsection for contracts or billings, regardless of whether the amount was collected, less the amount actually paid from sources other than property tax revenue.

- (b) For purposes of determining a township's and each municipality's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 for years following the first year after the year in which the change is elected, a township's and each municipality's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy is the levy after the adjustment made under subsection (a).
- (c) The township may use the amount of a maximum permissible property tax levy computed under this section in setting budgets and property tax levies for any year in which the election in section 3(c) of this chapter is in effect. A county board of tax adjustment (before January 1, 2009) or the county board of tax and capital projects review (after December 31, 2008) may not reduce a budget or tax levy solely because the budget or levy is based on the maximum permissible property tax levy computed under this section.
- (d) Section 4.6 of this chapter does not apply to a property tax levy or a maximum property tax levy subject to this section.

SECTION 9. IC 36-9-14.5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), the county fiscal body may provide money for the cumulative capital development fund by levying a tax in compliance with IC 6-1.1-41 on the taxable property in the county.

(b) The maximum property tax rate that may be imposed for property taxes first due and payable during a particular year in a county in which the county option income tax or the county adjusted gross income tax is in effect on January 1 of that year, depends upon the number of years the county has previously imposed a tax under this chapter and is determined under the following table:

NUMBER	TAX RATE PER \$100
OF YEARS	OF ASSESSED
	VALUATION
0	\$0.05 \$0.0167
1 or more	\$0.10 \$0.0333

(c) The maximum property tax rate that may be imposed for property taxes first due and payable during a particular year in a county in which neither the county option income tax nor the county adjusted gross income tax is in effect on January 1 of that year, depends upon the number of years the county has previously imposed a tax under this









chapter and is determined under the following table:

 NUMBER
 TAX RATE PER \$100

 OF YEARS
 OF ASSESSED

 VALUATION
 0

 \$0.04 \$0.0133

 1 or more
 \$0.07 \$0.0233

SECTION 10. IC 36-9-15.5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), the municipal fiscal body may provide money for the cumulative capital development fund by levying a tax in compliance with IC 6-1.1-41 on the taxable property in the municipality.

(b) The maximum property tax rate that may be imposed for property taxes first due and payable during a particular year in a municipality that is either wholly or partially located in a county in which the county option income tax or the county adjusted gross income tax is in effect on January 1 of that year depends upon the number of years the municipality has previously imposed a tax under this chapter and is determined under the following table:

NUMBER	TAX RATE PER \$100
OF YEARS	OF ASSESSED
	VALUATION
0	\$0.05 \$0.0167
1	\$0.10 \$0.0333
2 or more	\$0.15 \$0.05

(c) The maximum property tax rate that may be imposed for property taxes first due and payable during a particular year in a municipality that is wholly located in a county in which neither the county option income tax nor the county adjusted gross income tax is in effect on January 1 of that year depends upon the number of years the municipality has previously imposed a tax under this chapter and is determined under the following table:

NUMBER	TAX RATE PER \$100
OF YEARS	OF ASSESSED
	VALUATION
0	\$0.04 \$0.0133
1	\$0.08 \$0.0267
2 or more	\$0.12 \$0.04

SECTION 11. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] IC 36-8-13-4.6, IC 36-8-13-4.7, IC 36-9-14.5-6, and IC 36-9-15.5-6, all as amended by this act, apply only to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2008.











SECTION 12. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)] (a) This SECTION applies only to an entity that meets all of the following conditions:

- (1) The entity is a church or religious society.
- (2) For the assessment date in 2003:
 - (A) property owned by the entity would have been eligible for exemption from property taxes if the entity had timely filed an application under IC 6-1.1-11 for property tax exemption for the property;
 - (B) the entity failed to file a timely application under IC 6-1.1-11 for property tax exemption for the property; and
 - (C) the entity's property was subject to taxation.
- (b) Notwithstanding IC 6-1.1-11 or any other law specifying the date by which an application for property tax exemption must be filed to claim an exemption for a particular assessment date, an entity described in subsection (a) may before July 1, 2008, file with the county assessor an application for property tax exemption for the 2003 assessment date.
- (c) Notwithstanding IC 6-1.1-11 or any other law, an application for property tax exemption filed under subsection (b) is considered to be timely filed, and the county assessor shall forward the application to the county property tax assessment board of appeals for review. The board shall grant an exemption claimed for the assessment date in 2003 for property tax exemption if the board determines that:
 - (1) the entity's application for property tax exemption satisfies the requirements of this SECTION; and
 - (2) the entity's property was, except for the failure to timely file an application for property tax exemption, otherwise eligible for the claimed exemption.
- (d) If an entity has previously paid the tax liability for property with respect to the 2003 assessment date and the property is granted an exemption under this SECTION for the assessment date, the county auditor shall issue a refund of the property tax paid by the entity. An entity is not required to apply for any refund due under this SECTION. The county auditor shall, without an appropriation being required, issue a warrant to the entity payable from the county general fund for the amount of the refund, if any, due the entity. No interest is payable on the refund.
 - (e) This SECTION expires January 1, 2010. SECTION 13. An emergency is declared for this act.".







y

Delete page 2.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 20 as introduced.)

KENLEY, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0.

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 20 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 6.

Page 11, delete lines 5 through 42.

Page 12, delete lines 1 through 4.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 20 as printed January 25, 2008.)

KENLEY

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 20 be amended to read as follows:

Page 15, line 24, delete "date" and insert "dates".

Page 15, line 24, delete ":" and insert ", 2004, and 2005:".

Page 15, line 38, after "2003" insert ", 2004, and 2005".

Page 15, line 38, delete "date." and insert "dates.".

Page 16, line 2, delete "date" and insert "dates".

Page 16, line 2, after "2003" insert ", **2004**, and **2005**". Page 16, line 10, after "2003" insert ", **2004**, or **2005**".

Page 16, line 11, delete "the" and insert "one (1) or more of those".

Page 16, line 12, delete "date," and insert "dates,".

(Reference is to SB 20 as printed January 25, 2008.)

BRODEN









